



Linguistic model of students following non-university studies. BAC and Navarre

Definition

This indicator reveals the number of students registered in the four linguistic models in force in formal education.

Scope

BAC and Navarre

Variables and categories

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• Geographical zone: BAC, Navarre, Araba, Bizkaia and Gipuzkoa.

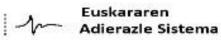
• Level of schooling:

- Infant education: from 2/3 to 5/6 years
- Primary education: from 5/6 to 11/12 years
- ESO (Compulsory Secondary Education): from 11/12 to 15/16 years
- Baccalaureate: from 15/16 to 17/18 years
- Professional Training
- Special Education

• Linguistic model:

- Model A: Teaching is undertaken completely in Spanish, apart from Basque as a subject.
- Model B: Some subjects are given in Basque and others in Spanish. In this model the distribution of subjects (and that of school hours) may vary depending on the school. This model also includes the so-called reinforced Model B (rB), which gives more time to teaching in Basque, but it has been included within Model B with no distinctions made.
- Model D: Teaching is undertaken completely Basque, apart from Spanish as a subject.
- Model X/G: This model does not teach Basque, either as a vehicular language or as a subject. In the BAC it is called Model X, whilst in Navarre it is called Model G.

Source(s) Statistics about school activity (EUSTAT, Basque Government) and Government of Navarre Education Department Characteristics Statistics about school activity, at pre-university level, aims to discover the situation and of the source evolution of the education system in the Basque Autonomous Community, both in the public and private fields, as a foundation for managing and planning the education system. Administrators EUSTAT (BAC) and the Government of Navarre Education Department. of the source First data and First data: Academic year 2001/2002 frequency Frequency: annual (per academic year) **Complementary information**





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