

## Opinions used to established attitude categories (>=16 years). Basque Country (%)

### Definition

In order to determine the population's attitude towards the promotion of the usage of Basque, a new typology has been defined drawing on the opinions expressed by respondents to the survey with regards to the promotion of its usage of Basque in different settings.

The typology of attitude has been developed by combining all the different categories related to the four statements included in the Sociolinguistic Survey. It is worth noting that three of them are favourable to Basque, while one of them is not (it is preferable to learn English than Basque).

### Outreach

Basque Country

### Variables and categories

- **Geographical zone:** Basque Country, Basque Autonomous Community (BAC), Navarre, Northern Basque Country, Araba/Álava, Bizkaia, Gipuzkoa, Lapurdi and Lower Navarre/Zuberoa
- **Statements:**
  - It is preferable to learn English than Basque.
  - It should be required to speak Basque in order to join the public administration.
  - All children should learn Basque.
  - More radio and television programmes should be broadcast in Basque.
- **Categories:**
  - **In favour:** this category includes those in favour and very much in favour
  - **Neutral**
  - **Against:** this category includes those against and very much against

### Sub-indicators (crossings)

- Opinions shaping the attitude towards the promotion of the usage of Basque (%)
- Opinions shaping the attitude towards the promotion of the usage of Basque, by sex (%)
- Opinions shaping the attitude towards the promotion of the usage of Basque (capital cities) (%)

Source	
Sociolinguistic Survey	
<b>Characteristics of the source</b>	<p>The demographic of the Sociolinguistic Survey is the population aged 16 or over in the Basque Country.</p> <p>It collects data from the following fields: linguistic competence in Basque, transmission of Basque, usage of Basque and attitude towards the promotion of Basque.</p> <p>The Sociolinguistic Survey is an official statistic, and is included in the Basque Plan of Statistics of the BAC under the code 020703.</p> <p>The first Sociolinguistic Survey was carried out in 1991 through face-to-face interviews, as was the case for the 1996 and 2001 editions. From 2006 on, the surveys have been conducted on the phone.</p>
<b>Source administrators</b>	<p>The Sociolinguistic Survey is developed and managed by the Office of the Deputy Adviser on Linguistic Policy of the Basque Government; the Basque Language Institute of Navarre (Euskarabidea) of the Government of Navarre; and the Public Office of the Basque Language (EEP) of the Northern Basque Country.</p>
<b>First data collection and frequency</b>	<p><b>First data collection:</b> The first Sociolinguistic Survey was conducted in 1991.</p> <p><b>Frequency:</b> It is carried out every 5 years.</p>
<b>Sample and margin of error</b>	<p>The demographic of the Sociolinguistic Survey is the population aged 16 or over in the Basque Country, consisting of the Basque Autonomous Community (BAC), the Chartered Community of Navarre and the Northern Basque Country.</p> <p>The information was collected by telephone between June and December 2021, using a structured and closed questionnaire.</p> <p>In this survey, a multi-staged and stratified sampling system has been used, where the households interviewed were selected and disaggregated by sociolinguistic area and municipality.</p> <p>For every territory, the results have been weighted according to the distribution of the population based on sex, age and linguistic competence.</p> <p>A total of 8,550 surveys have been conducted: 4,550 in the Basque Autonomous Community, 2,000 in Navarre and 2,000 in the Northern Basque Country.</p> <p>The sampling error of the dataset for the Basque Country as a whole is <math>\pm 1.38\%</math>, with a confidence level of 95.5% and <math>p=q=50\%</math>. With the same level of confidence, the sampling error is <math>\pm 1.82\%</math> for Basque speakers and <math>\pm 1.82\%</math> for non-Basque speakers and passive Basque speakers.</p> <p>The sampling error of the dataset for the BAC as a whole is <math>+1.76\%</math>, with a confidence level of 95.5% and <math>p=q=50\%</math>. With the same level of confidence, the sampling error is <math>\pm 2.09\%</math> for Basque speakers and <math>\pm 2.49\%</math> for non-Basque speakers and passive Basque speakers. With the same level of confidence, the sampling error by territory is: <math>\pm 3.74\%</math> in Araba/Álava; <math>\pm 2.66\%</math> in Bizkaia and <math>\pm 2.78\%</math> in Gipuzkoa.</p>

	<p>The sampling error of the dataset for the Chartered Community of Navarre as a whole is <math>\pm 2.90\%</math>, with a confidence level of 95.5% and <math>p=q=50\%</math>. With the same level of confidence, the sampling error is <math>\pm 3.19\%</math> for Basque speakers and <math>\pm 3.33\%</math> for non-Basque speakers and passive Basque speakers. With the same level of confidence, the sampling error by linguistic area is: <math>\pm 4.41\%</math> for the Basque-speaking area, <math>\pm 3.74\%</math> for the mixed area and <math>\pm 5.87\%</math> for the non-Basque-speaking area.</p> <p>The sampling error of the dataset for the Northern Basque Country as a whole is <math>\pm 2.31\%</math>, with a confidence level of 95.5% and <math>p=q=50\%</math>. With the same level of confidence, the sampling error is <math>\pm 5.7\%</math> for Basque speakers and <math>\pm 2.36\%</math> for non-Basque speakers and passive Basque speakers. With the same level of confidence, the sampling error by territory is: <math>\pm 3.54\%</math> for the BAB area (Baiona-Anglet-Biarritz), <math>\pm 3.68\%</math> for Lapurdi (excluding the BAB area) and <math>\pm 4.48\%</math> for Lower Navarre and Zuberoa.</p>
<b>Complementary information</b>	
<b>Publications and reports</b>	<a href="http://Estudios - Servicios Elebide - Política Lingüística - Euskadi.eus">Estudios - Servicios Elebide - Política Lingüística - Euskadi.eus</a> <a href="https://euskarabidea.es/euskara/euskara-nafarroan">https://euskarabidea.es/euskara/euskara-nafarroan</a>
<b>Questionnaire/s</b>	<a href="https://en.eustat.eus/estadisticas/tema_291/opt_1/tipo_8/temas.html">https://en.eustat.eus/estadisticas/tema_291/opt_1/tipo_8/temas.html</a>